

# Getting and Giving User Feedback

No screens



Prof. Lydia Chilton  
COMS 4170  
15 April 2019

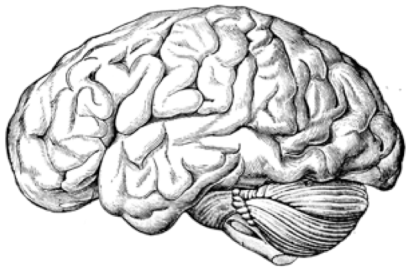
Say your name



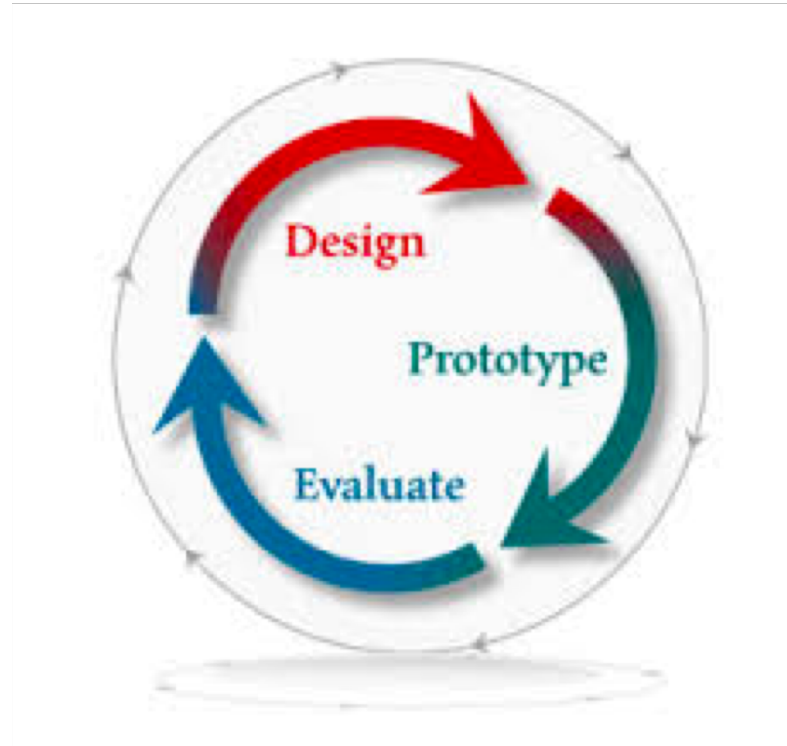


## Goal 2

When the needs and abilities of users are unclear,  
design systems by **learning from iteration and experimentation.**



Idea



Product

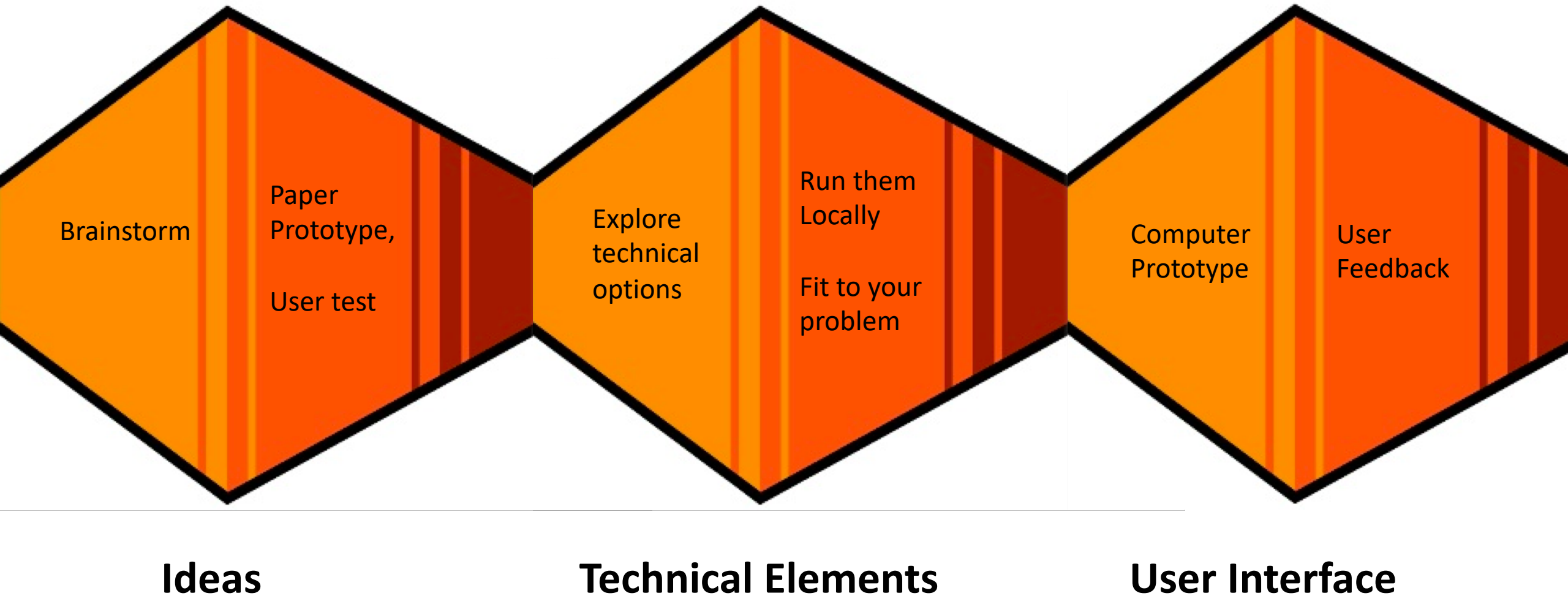
Flare and focus:  
Explore many options, test them to decide.

## Web app ideas

Learn Chinese tones  
Learn Pick-and-Roll  
Make a Zumba playlist  
Track & increase walking fitness  
Track & decrease Splenda you intake  
Track Columbia Outreach progress  
Learn different kinds of Jazz



# Sequential Flare and Focus



# My Design Process



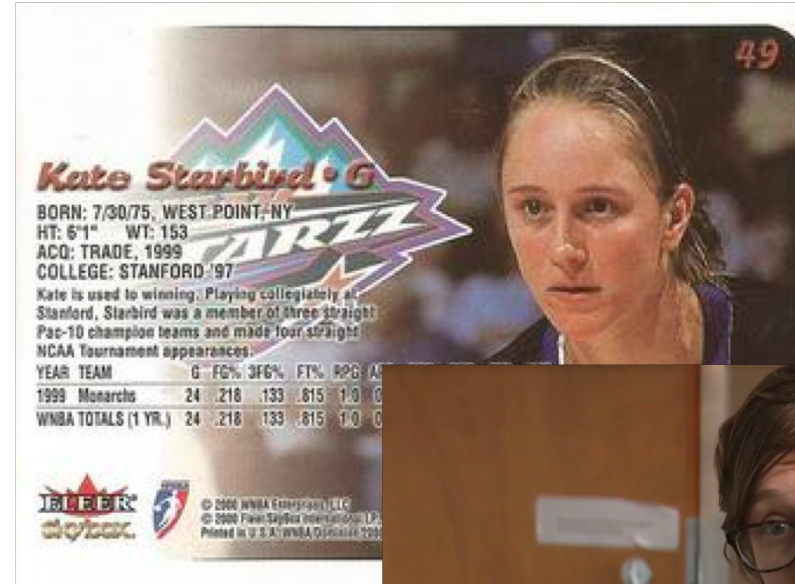
# Domain: NBA





# Specific Need:

I watch a lot of NBA games,  
but still I haven't picked up on a lot of the strategy.  
I need break down these strategies  
to see the mechanics of it.



**What person?**

People who watch basketball, but want to learn the strategies

**Uses what media?**

Videos!!!

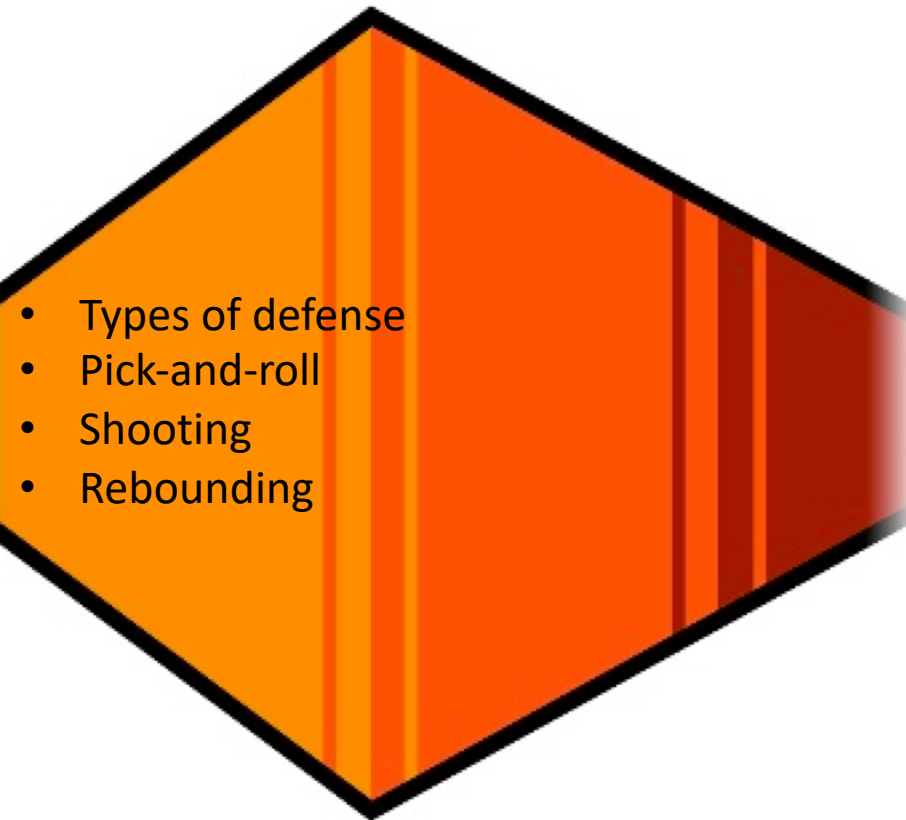
**How do they interact with it?**

Break it down into segments

**To achieve what goal?**

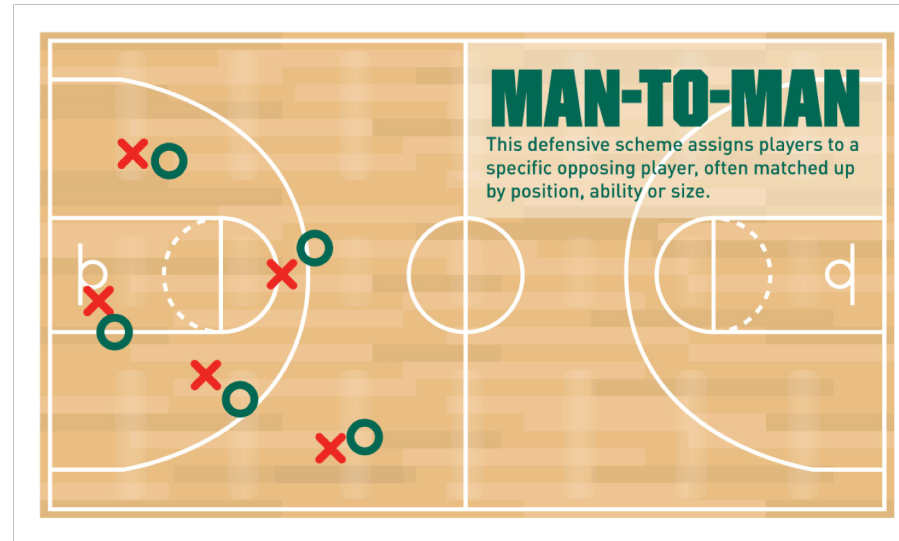
Understand the mechanics of basketball strategy.

# Flare and Focus: What specific strategy?

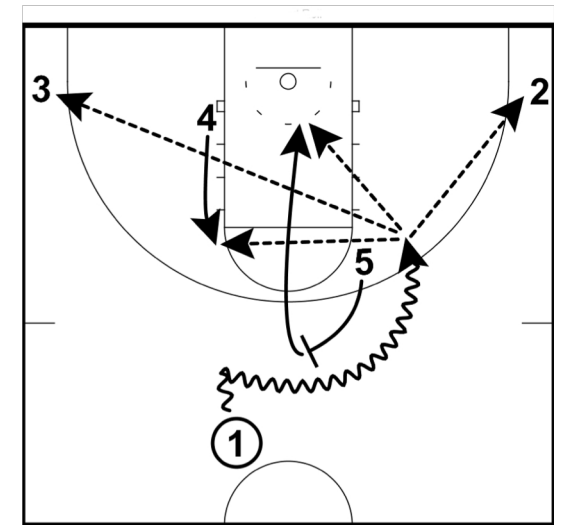


- Types of defense
- Pick-and-roll
- Shooting
- Rebounding

Specific Idea



Pick and roll



## Picture perfect

He makes it look so easy: Simple and effective mechanics make Stephen Curry the most dangerous shooter in the NBA

### Quick gather

Curry doesn't waste any time making his shot. His shooting process is so compact and consistent that he is able to release the ball almost instantaneously.



### Elbow in

By keeping his elbow in, Curry is able to maintain the most control over the ball and aim accurately – aligning in a straight line toward the basket.



### Release point

Curry releases the ball on the way up. Since he isn't releasing from the apex of his jump, his outside shot is incredibly difficult to block.



### High arc

By shooting with a high arc, Curry improves the angle of the ball's path as it approaches the rim and, in effect, makes the rim bigger.



### Soft touch

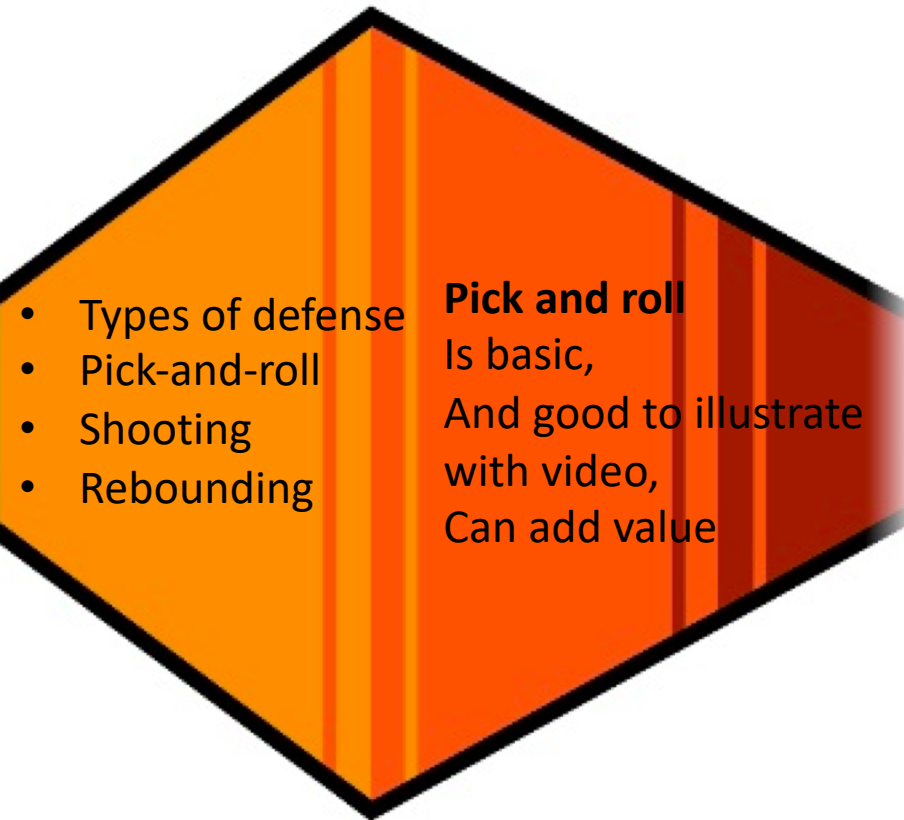
Curry gets excellent rotation on his shot. If the ball has a lot of backspin, it has a better chance of landing more softly on the rim and falling in.

### Jump shot?

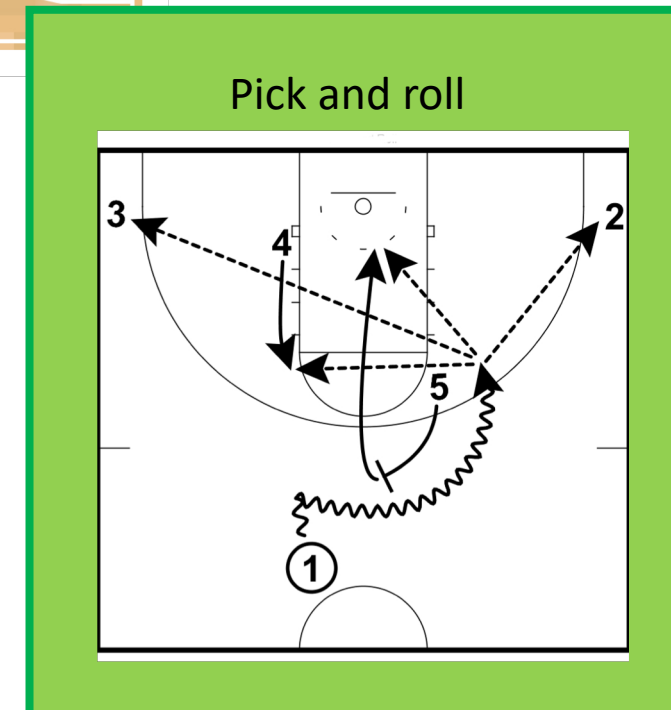
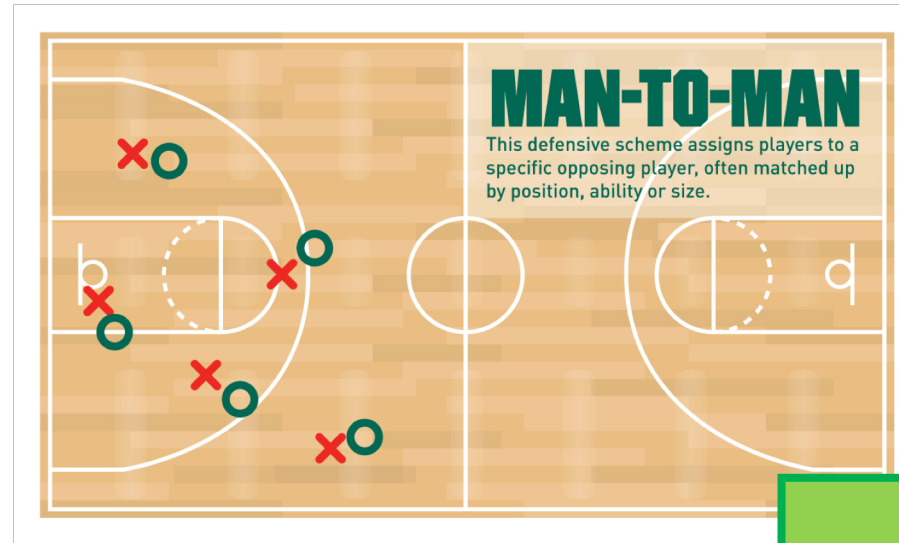
Curry only elevates a few inches when he shoots. Minimizing the jump means there is less that can go wrong and contributes to consistency. Even when Curry is tired, he still can maintain his form.

JEFF DURHAM/BAY AREA NEWS GROUP

# Flare and Focus: What specific strategy?

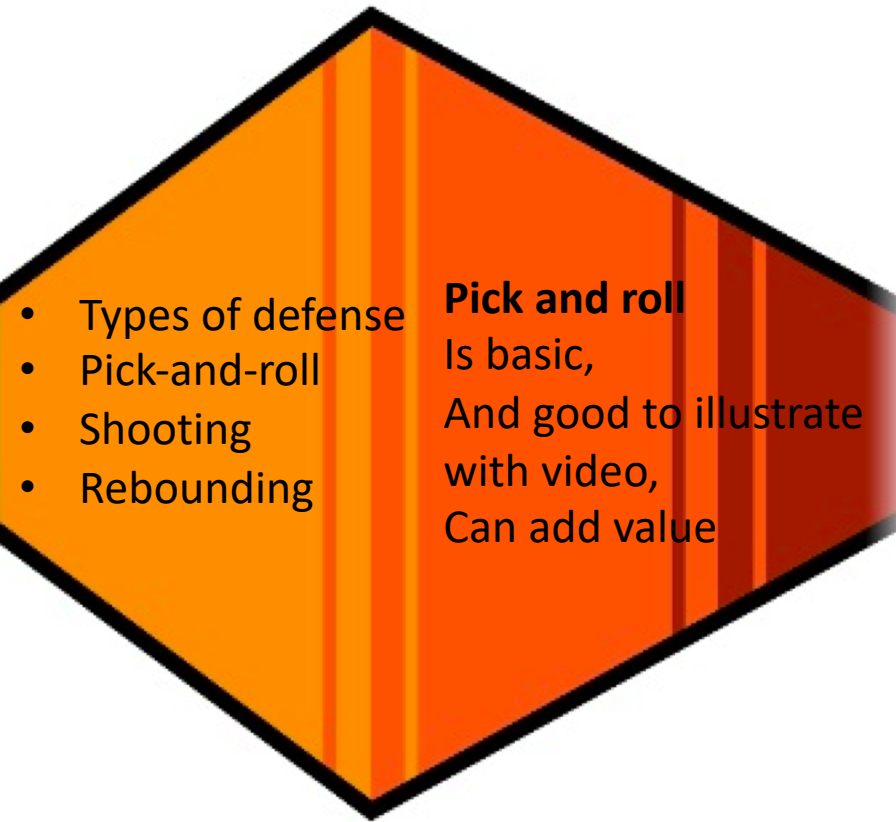


Specific Idea

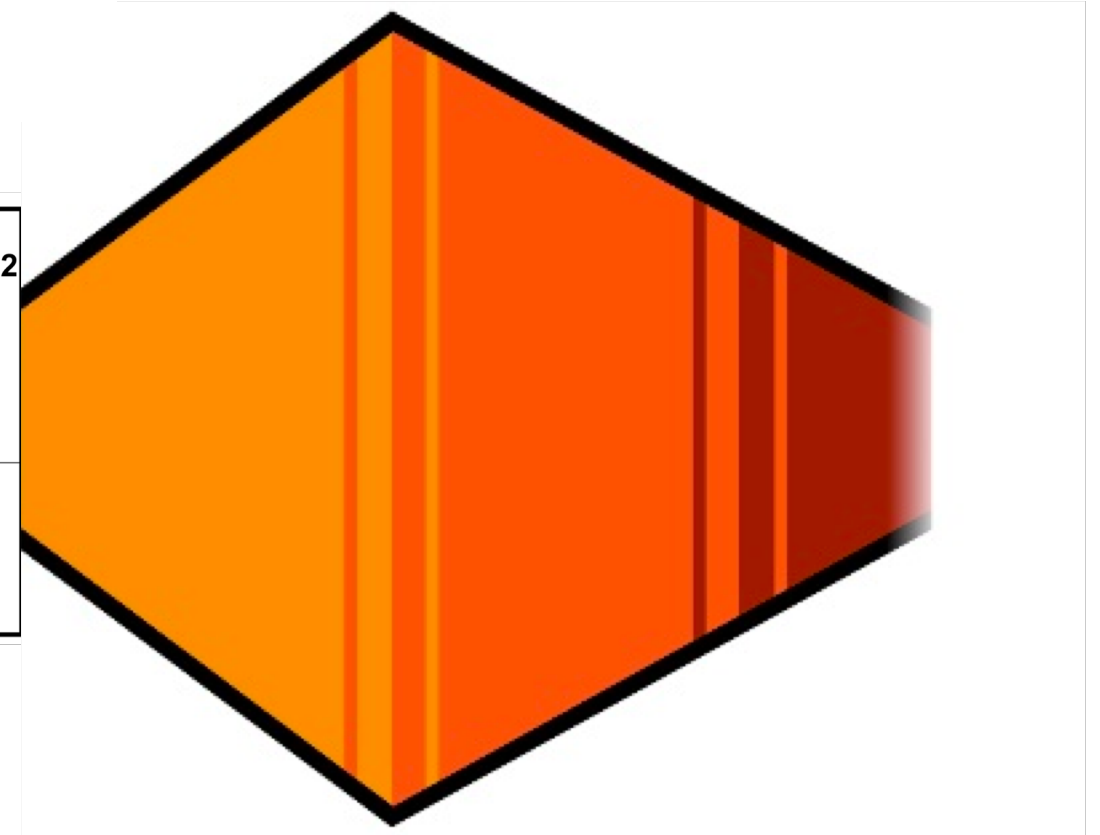
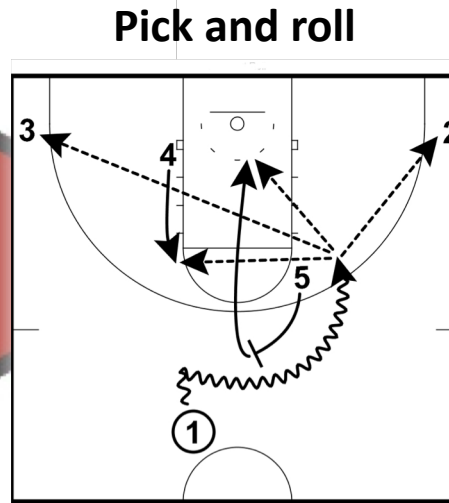




# What the next risk?

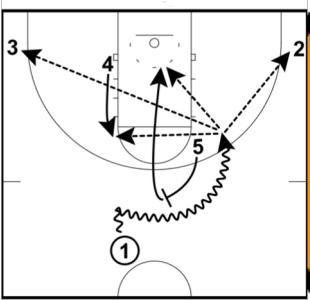


**Specific Idea**



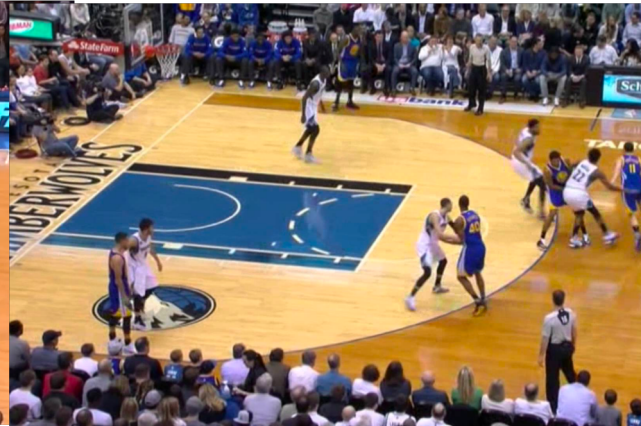
**Find a good video**

# Flare and Focus: Pick a video



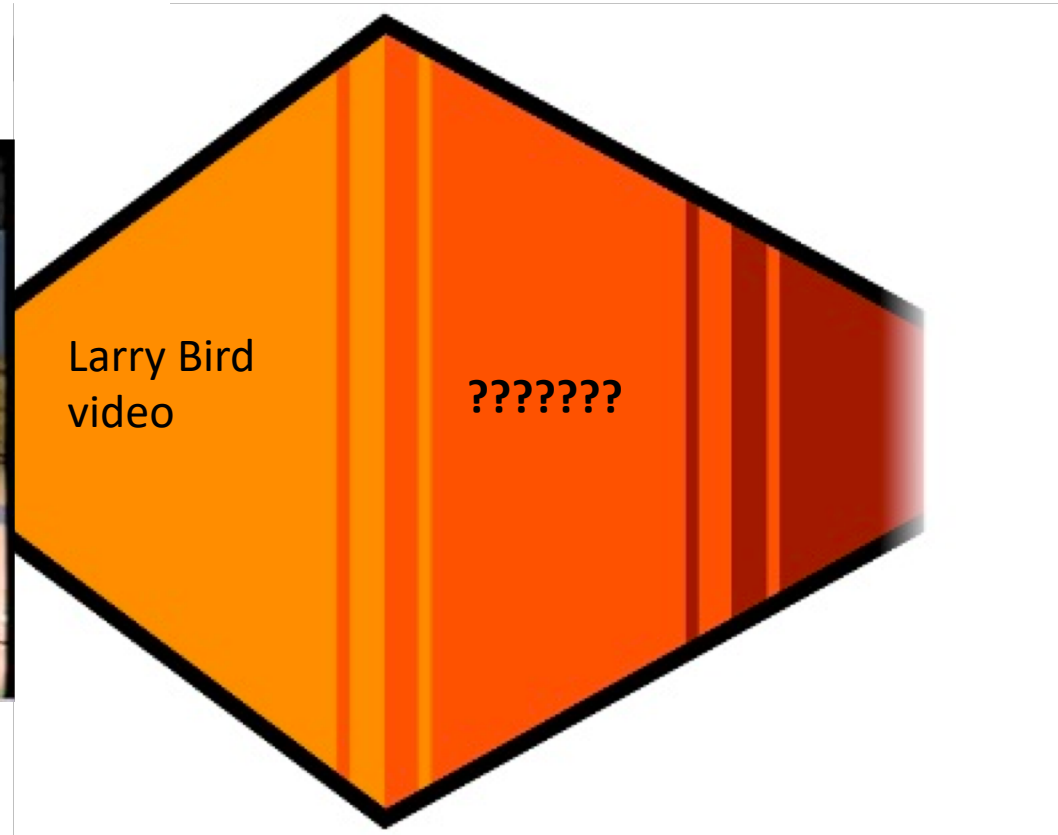
Pick-and-roll  
videos

Which video  
Most clearly shows  
the pick-and-roll?



**Find a good video**

# What's the next risk?





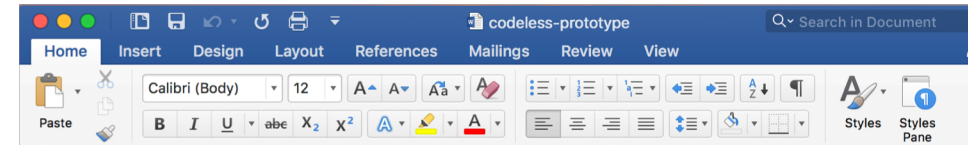
# What's next? Coherency.



Larry Bird  
video

Paper  
Prototype

Design Coherency



Goal: capture the stages of the Pick and Roll  
Prototype: Can I capture them by hand  
For now, we use screen shots, but in reality, we probably want video segments

Set up: Larry has the ball, and is guarded by a defender



1: McHale comes up to the defender

McHale makes his body as big as possible (elbows out!)

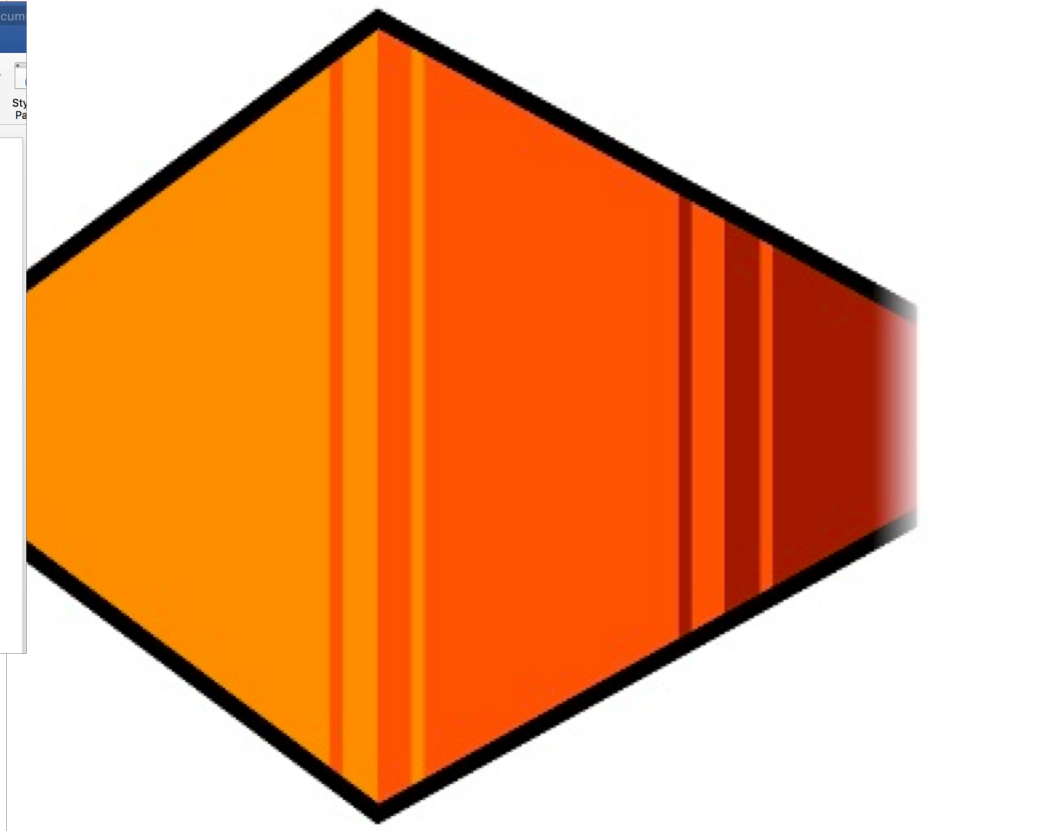
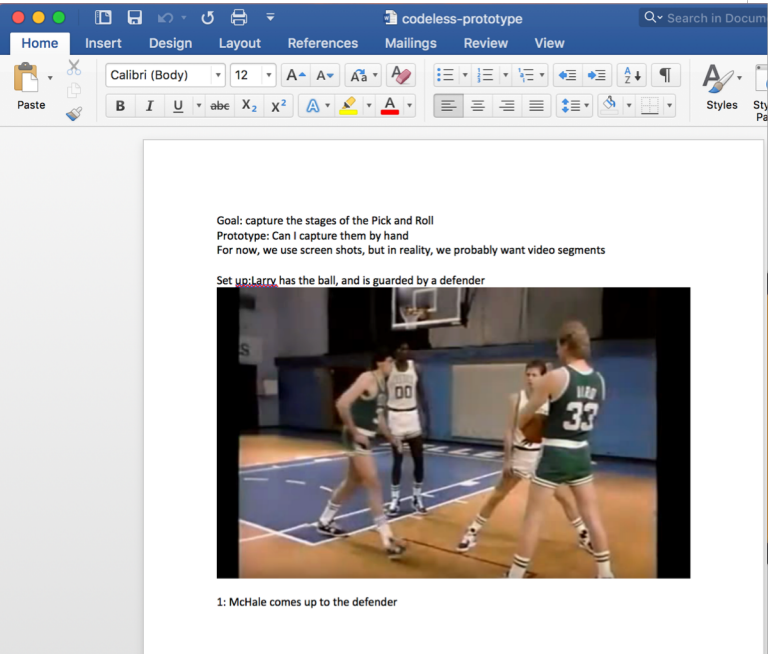


Now when Larry goes left, Danny can't follow because McHale is in the way!

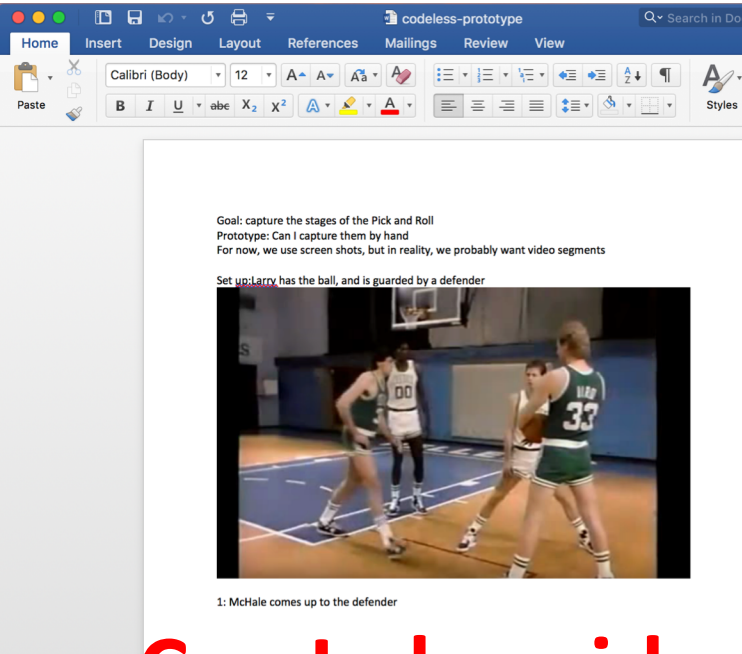




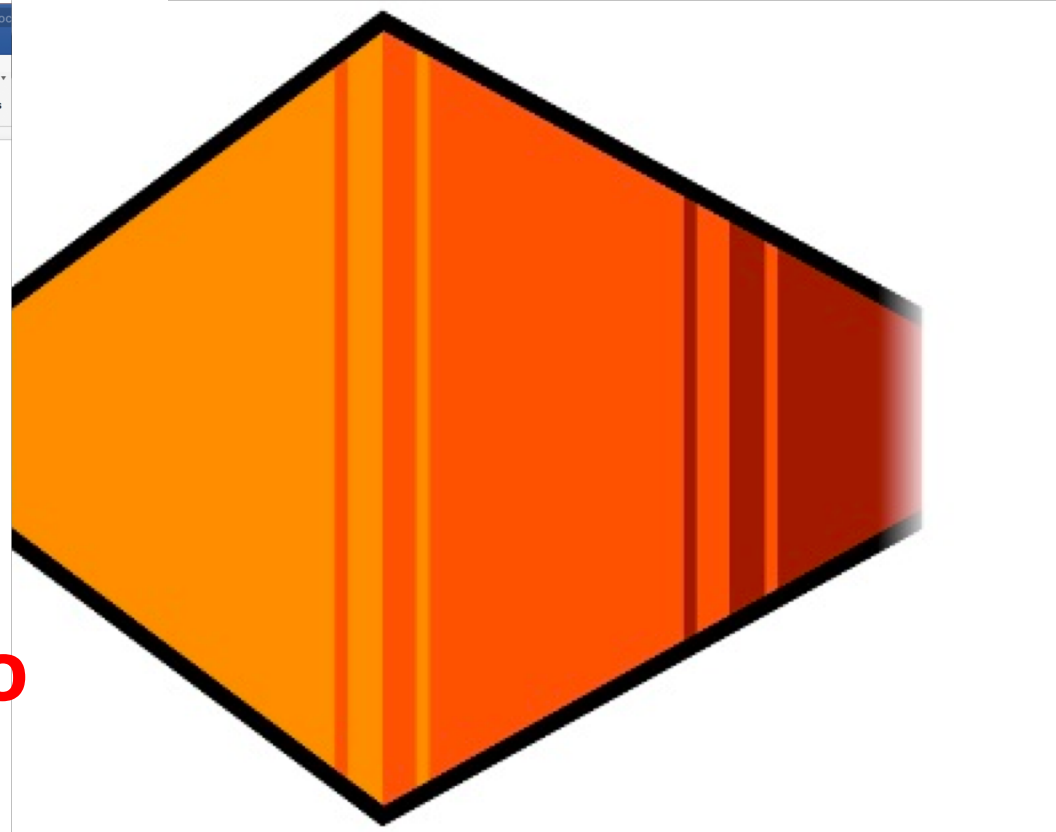
# What's the next risk?



# What's the next risk? Technical feasibility

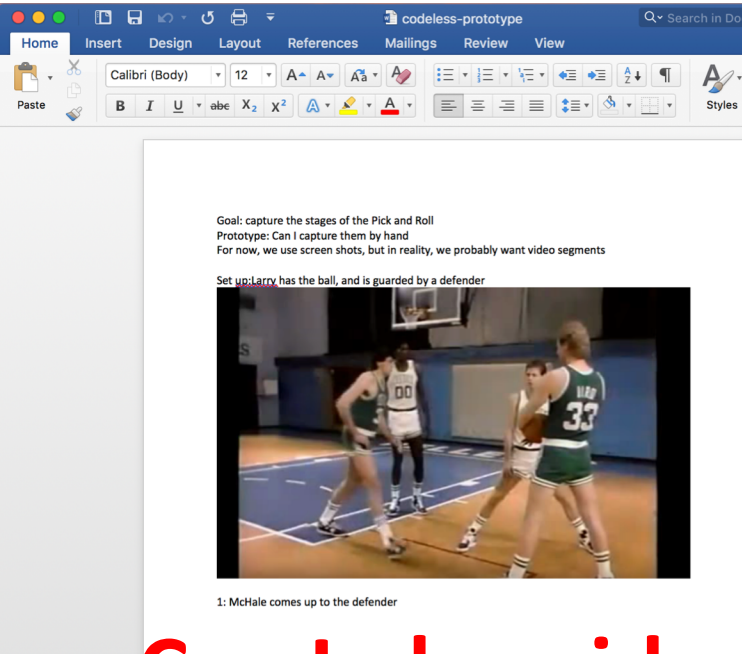


**Can I play video segments?**

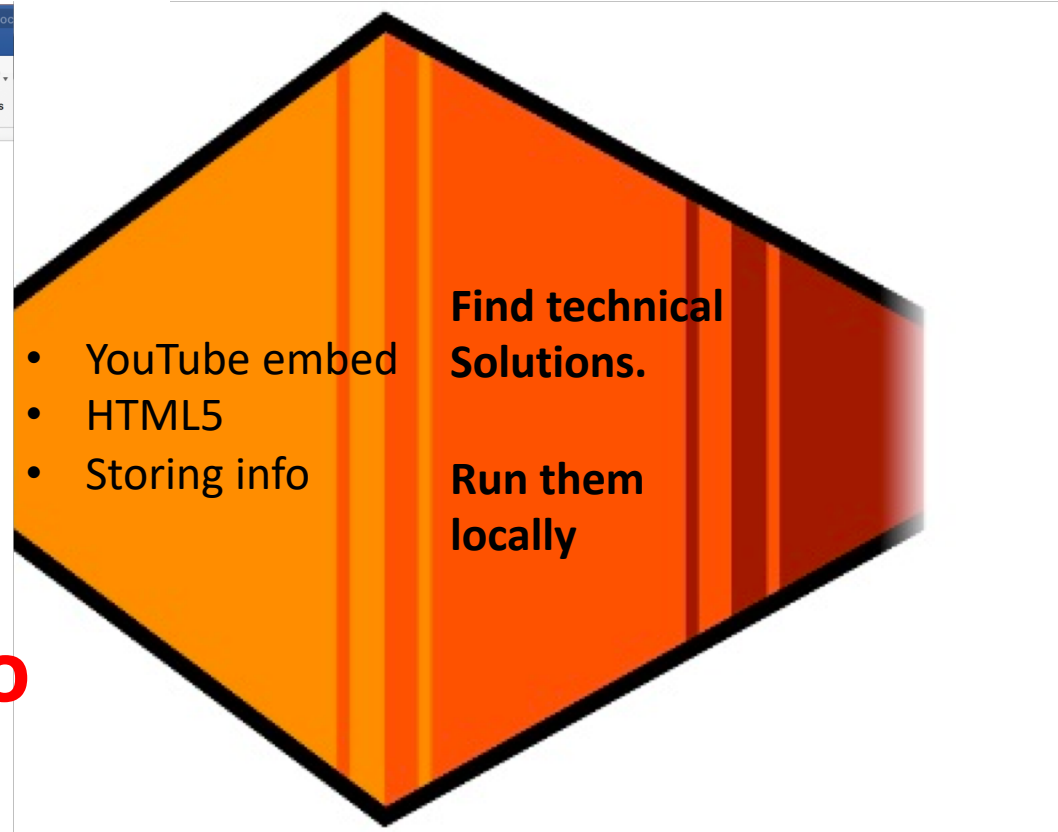


**Technical Feasibility**

# What's the next risk? Technical feasibility



Can I play video segments?



Technical Feasibility

# Technical Feasibility Prototype

loop\_v2\_jsonloading\_styling.ht x

file:///Users/lydiachilton/Dropbox/Columbia/Teaching/4170/Spring2018/hw/gesture\_video/loop\_v2\_jsonloading\_styling.html


```
{ "aaaa": { "id": "aaaa", "text": "Pick and Roll", "startTime": 54.4, "stopTime": 58 }, "lrlax": { "id": "lrlax", "text": "set the screen", "startTime": 54.4, "stopTime": 55.5 }, "lfmtfam":
```

Load from JSON string

Log JSON Create Video Segment

Pick and Roll

Pick and Roll update text



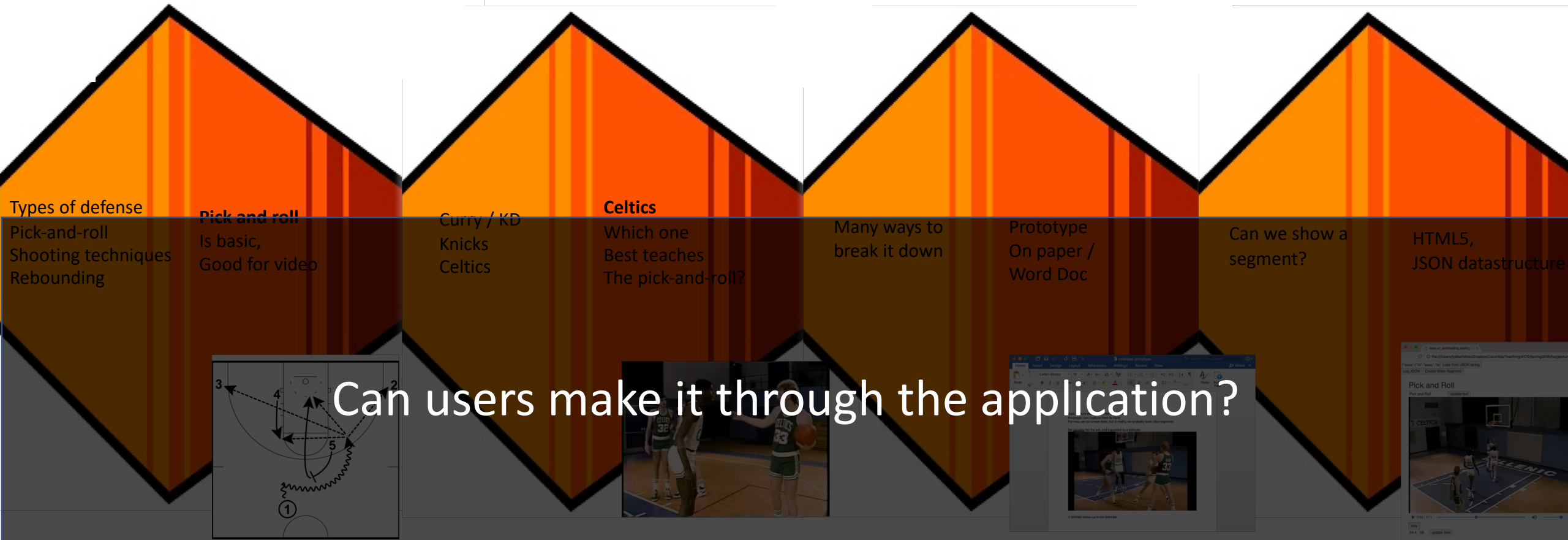
0:54 / 2:11

play

54.4 58 update time



# What's next risk?



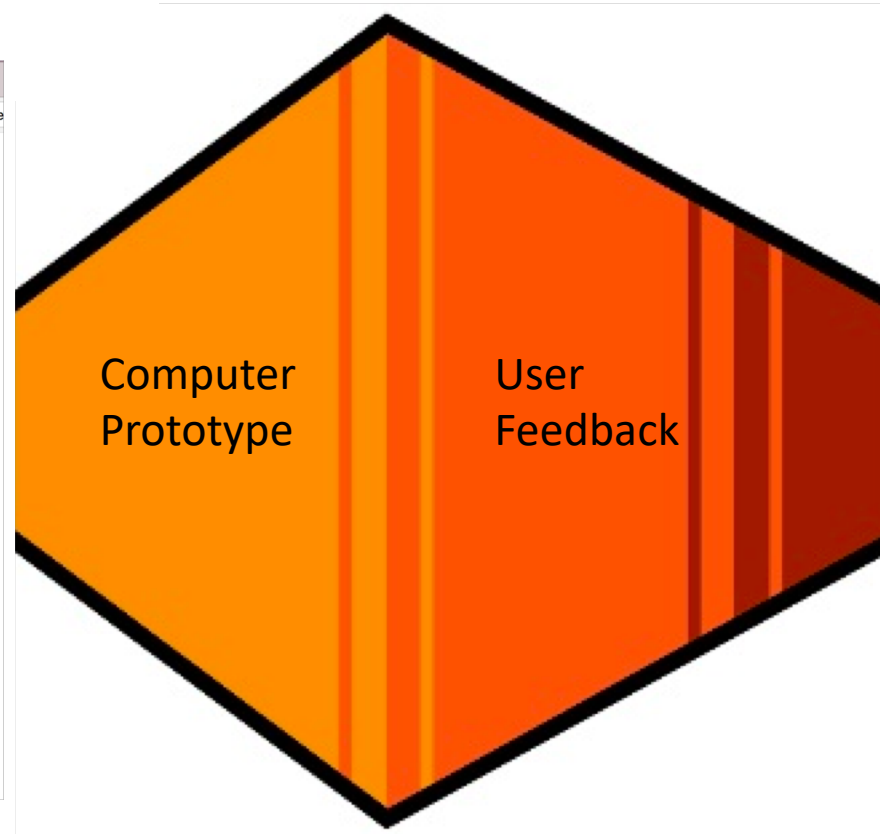
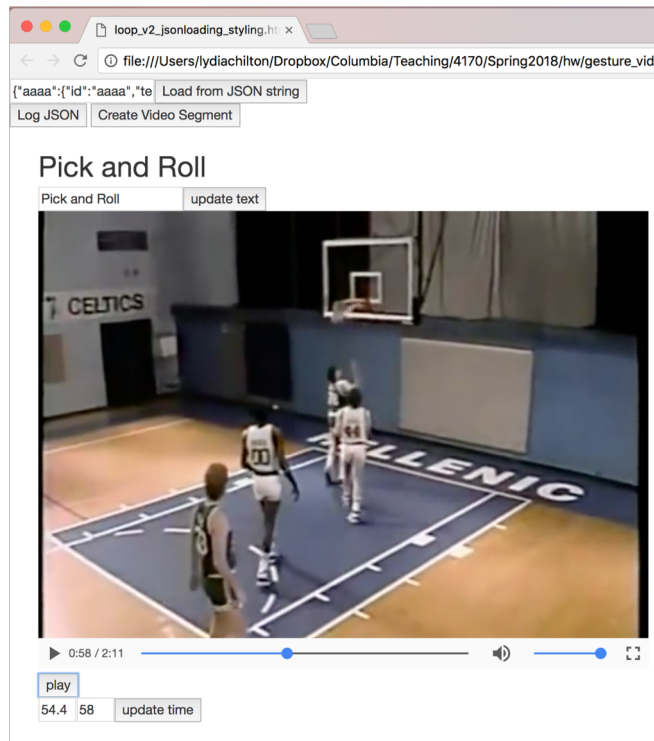
Which idea?

Which media?

Which segments?

Technical  
Feasibility?

# Computer Prototype and User Feedback



Here is a breakdown of the 3 stages of the pick-and-roll.  
Bird starts with the ball, but follow what McHale does to score.

## 1. The Pick

McHale stands next to Bird's defender so Bird can get around him

## 2. The Roll

McHale rolls out in front of his defender to receive a pass from Larry

## 3. The Score

McHale shoots a layup



## End-to-end implementation

How to get user feedback

# When should we get feedback?

Early



There's time to change it  
But it's premature.

Late



It's mature...  
But it's too late to change it.



Designer make prototypes at many stages...





Get feedback on early prototypes  
by stating your goal.



“I’m trying to represent animals  
and people in chaos and pain.  
To reflect the horror of the  
Guernica bombing.”



# How to Give Feedback



Is this feedback useful?

Do you have a singing teacher?

Sue her.

No.

Criticism is entertaining to audiences,  
but hurtful to makers AND  
not useful to making things better.



# Criticism vs. Critique



# Critique

“I like...”

- Forces you to more closely observe the artifact.
- acknowledges positive things the design should keep in their design.



“I like...”

Columbia University

User Interface Design

COMS 4170 · Spring 2018

HomeSyllabusAssignments ▾

Piazza

Part 1 Build websites that suit the needs and abilities of users.

Part 2 When the needs and abilities of users are uncertain, design systems by learning from iteration and experimentation.

INSTRUCTOR

Prof. Lydia Chilton

OH: Tuesday 3-4 pm, CEPSR 612

Please contact staff through Piazza only

TAS

Tessa Hurr

Eleanor Murgua

Lucille Sui

WEEKLY SCHEDULE

Lecture

Mon, Wed 4:10-5:25pm, 413 Kent Hall

GRADING

The course grade is broken down as follows:

▫ Assignments 30%

▫ Assignment 1: 5%

▫ Assignment 2: 10%

▫ Assignment 3: 5%

▫ Assignment 4: 10%

▫ Team Project 35%

▫ Final Exam 20%

▫ Participation 15%

LATE POLICY

All students receive two late days which can be used on Assignments 1-4. Each late day extends the deadline of the assignment by 24 hours and you may use the two late together to submit 48 hours late.

After a student's late days have been used, we cannot accept the assignments.

Note that late days cannot be applied to the team project - only to the four individual assignments in the first half of the class.

WEEK	MONDAY	WEDNESDAY
1	JANUARY 15 <i>No class</i>	JANUARY 17 Introduction Nielsen's 10 Usability Heuristics <a href="#">slides</a> <a href="#">Assignment 1</a> out
2	JANUARY 22 Information Design <a href="#">slides</a>	JANUARY 24 <span>DUE DATE</span> Layout and Grids <a href="#">slides</a>

Goal: Find and complete class material

I like that the name and course number are clear

I like that there is a link of Piazza

I like that the colors are Columbia themed.

“I like...”

Goal: Recognize the steps of the pick and roll

Pick and Roll

Pick and Roll    update text



play  
54.4 58    update time

set the screen

set the screen    update text



play  
54.4 55.5    update time

larry fake

larry fake    update text



play  
54.8 55.7    update time

McHale peels out

McHale peels out in front of    update text



play  
55.7 56.5    update time

McHale shoots a layup

McHale shoots a layup    update text



play  
56.5 58    update time



# Critique

“For me..., I wish...”

- Is to help people see new potential in their design.
- Talk about your *personal* frustrations and interpretations.
- Help the designer see their design through your eyes.



# #1 Which of these is a good critique?

A “You need to make the navigation bar bigger.”

B “I had trouble finding the navigation bar.  
I wish the navigation bar was more easier to find.”



## #2 Which of these is a good critique?

**A** “I had trouble reading the text.  
What if you changed the font or colors?”

**B** “The colors aren’t dark enough.”

### #3 Which of these is a good critique?

A “People aren’t going to scroll to get more information.”

B “I didn’t realize I could scroll to get more information.”

# What's the difference?

“You need to make the navigation bar bigger.”

“I had trouble finding the navigation bar. I wish the navigation bar was more easier to find.”

“The colors aren't dark enough.”

“I had trouble reading the text. What if you changed the font or colors?”

Help designers identify the potential problems.  
Don't give them the solutions.

“What if you put all the information to fit 'above the fold.'”

# “For me..., I wish...”

Columbia University

User Interface Design  
COMS 4170 · Spring 2018

HomeSyllabusAssignments ▾Piazza

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**Part 2** When the needs and abilities of users are uncertain, design systems by learning from iteration and experimentation.

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After a student's late days have been used, we cannot accept the assignments.  
  
Note that late days cannot be applied to the team project - only to the four individual assignments in the first half of the class.

Goal: Find and complete class material

For me, the “late policy” is a big blob of text. What if we broke it up somehow and made it easier to read?

I didn’t see the Piazza link

WEEK	MONDAY	WEDNESDAY
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2	JANUARY 22 Information Design <a href="#">slides</a>	JANUARY 24 <b>DUE DATE</b> Layout and Grids <a href="#">slides</a>



# Things I changed:

Columbia University

User Interface Design

COMS 4170 · Spring 2019

Home

Grading

Syllabus

Piazza

Goals

1. Build websites that suit the needs and abilities of users.

2. When the needs and abilities of users are uncertain, design systems by learning from iteration.

INSTRUCTOR

Prof. Lydia Chilton

OH: Wednesday 5:30-6:30, CEPSPR 612

Please contact staff through [Piazza](#) only

TAS

Angelina Lam OH: Tue 5:15-6:30, CS TA room

Daniel Li OH: Thur 4-5, CSB 506 (Canceled 2/21 and 2/28)

Eleanor Murguia OH: Thur 11-12, 502 Milstein

Katie Pfleger OH: Tue 4:15-5:15, CEPSPR 6th floor lounge

Melanie Sawyer OH: Thurs 5-6, CS TA room

WEEKLY SCHEDULE

Lecture

Monday, Wednesday

4:10-5:25pm

451 CSB

Grading

Grade Buckets

Expect grades not to be curved.

90% <= A

80% <= B < 90%

70% <= C < 80%

60% <= D < 70%

0% <= F < 60%

Grade Breakdown

In-class participation: 15%

Assignments: 70% (5% each)

Final Project: 15%

We will drop your lowest homework score and your lowest 2 participation scores.

Syllabus

WEEK	MONDAY	WEDNESDAY
1	JANUARY 21 <i>No class</i>	JANUARY 23 <a href="#">Usability Heuristics</a> <a href="#">Homework 1 out.</a> Due Friday 1/25 at 4pm on <a href="#">Courseworks</a>
2	JANUARY 28 <a href="#">Information Design</a>	JANUARY 30 <a href="#">Layout and Grids</a>

# “For me..., I wish...”

Goal: Recognize the steps of the pick and roll

## Pick and Roll

Pick and Roll

update text



0:58 / 2:11



play

54.4 58

update time

# Things I changed

1) Help users focus on the right part of the video

Learn how NBA stars get around the defense:  
The Pick and Roll play

Play this video to see how Bird and McHale use the pick-and-roll to get around their two defenders to score a basket.



Play

2) Simply the steps. Make 3 not 5.

Here is a breakdown of the 3 stages of the pick-and-roll.  
Bird starts with the ball, but follow what McHale does to score.

## 1. The Pick

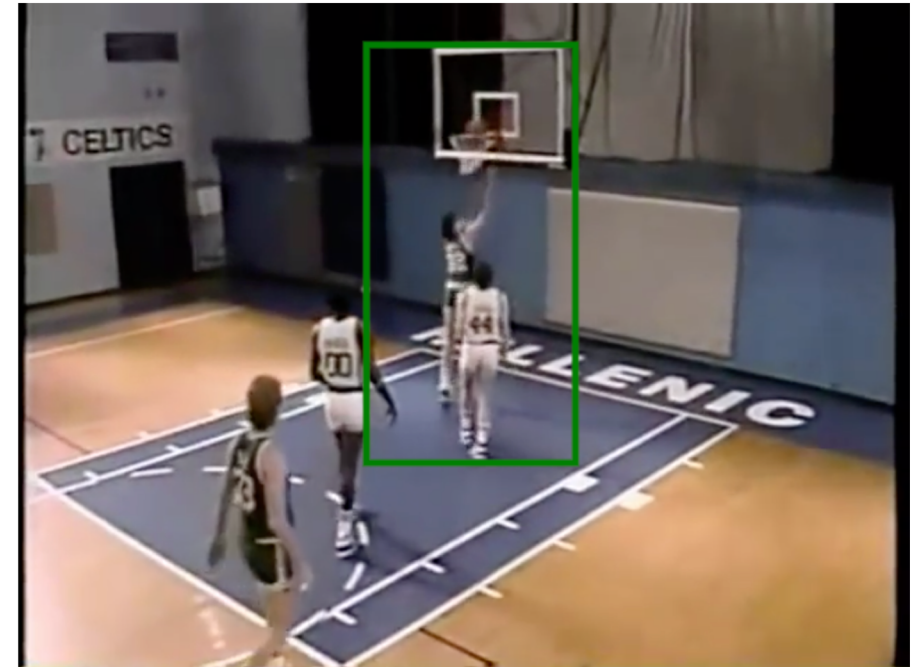
McHale stands next to Bird's defender so Bird can get around him

## 2. The Roll

McHale rolls out in front of his defender to receive a pass from Larry

## 3. The Score

McHale shoots a layup



play (spacebar) next (->)

Next Step:  
Computer Prototype



# Computer Prototype:

## An end-to-end implementation of your idea

Learn how NBA stars get around the defense:  
The Pick and Roll play

Play this video to see how Bird and McHale use the pick-and-roll to get around their two defenders to score a basket.



Play

Here is a breakdown of the 3 stages of the pick-and-roll.  
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McHale shoots a layup



play (spacebar) next (->)

Quiz: See if you can spot the pick and roll

Can you figure out which player is doing McHale's role?  
Pause the video when you think the pick is set and press 'c'



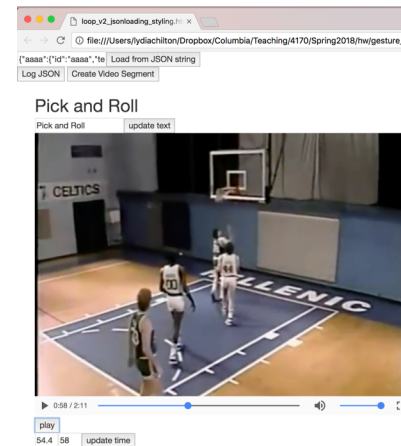
Show the "Pick"

# Get feedback on early prototypes by stating your goal.

“I’m trying to represent animals and people in chaos and pain.”



“I’m trying to show the steps of the pick and roll.”

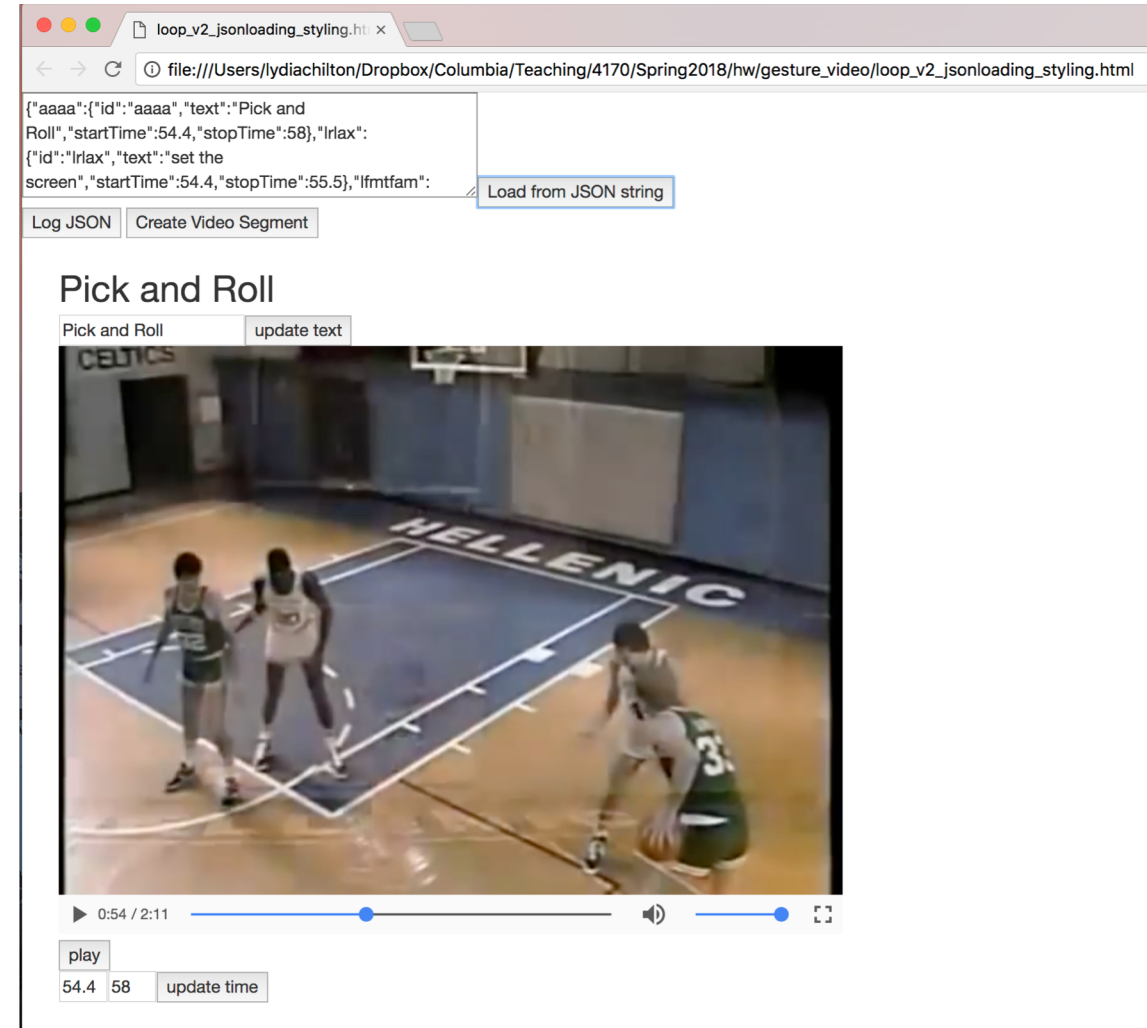


# Getting Early Feedback

Goal:  
Allow users to see the  
pick and roll in short segments.

Feedback format:

- I like ...
- For me ..., I wish...



# Ethics of User Testing



# The Tuskegee Study (1932)

- The study involved 600 black men (400 had syphilis), who were told they would be treated for 'bad blood', but were being studied for the effects of syphilis.
- Participants not informed of the study or its intent.
- The men received free medical exams and meals.
- They were told the study would last 6 months, but it lasted 40 years.
- The treatment was withheld from them, even when it was invented in 1947.



# Code of Research Ethics (Belmont Report)

## **Three Principles of User Research Ethics**

- Respect for persons
- Beneficence
- Justice

# Respect for Persons

Users should be treated as autonomous beings (not your lab rats)

- Informed consent
  - Users have the right to be informed of your study at all times

No – Didn't disclose that there was a study. The men were lied to that they would receive treatment.

- Voluntariness
  - Users choose whether to participate
  - Users can end participation at any point of the study.

Yes – did enroll, but there was deception

- Vulnerable populations must be protected:
  - Minors
  - Prisoners
  - Pregnant women
  - Sick people
  - Disabled people
  - Elderly

No – these were poor sharecroppers with syphilis who had no access to healthcare otherwise

# Beneficence

Keep in mind the welfare of the user

- Maximize possible benefits while minimizing the possible harms of the research
- How can users be hurt or harmed by the data collected from them?
- How to reduce risk of harm from re-identifying data?

No – great amount of harm but little benefit

# Justice

No individual or population is exposed to risks of harm while other individuals or populations receive the benefits.

- Selection of users should be equitable
  - Do not exploit vulnerable groups
  - Do not select users out of convenience

No – exploited a vulnerable group  
(poor sharecroppers with syphilis)



# Facebook Emotional Contagion Study (2014)

Facebook changed the frequency of positive and negative posts that appeared on people's newsfeeds. They wanted to test if seeing more positive posts would make people write more positive posts (same for negative). They found it did. Emotions are "contagious."

Users were shocked and didn't know they were potentially part of this study. Facebook said users consented by agreeing to the Data User Policy.



# Why does the Facebook Emotional Contagion study worry people?

- **Respect for Persons:** Informed Consent
- **Beneficence:** Maximize possible benefits while minimizing the possible harms.
- **Justice:** Vulnerable groups?



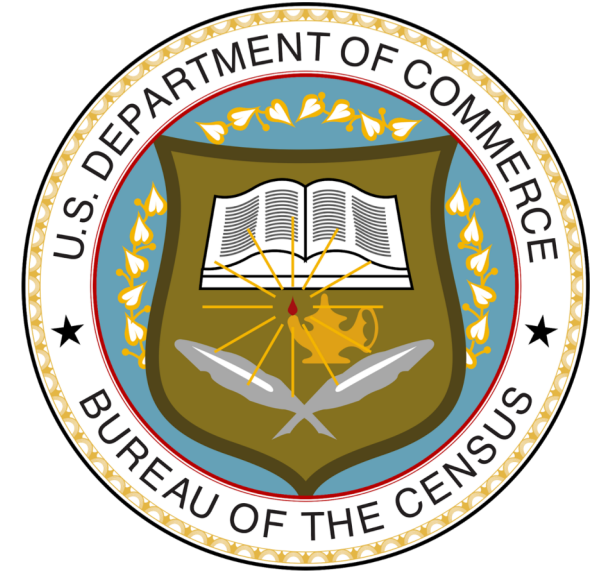
# Data Storage and Protection

## “Simple Demographics Often Identify People Uniquely”

Only a few pieces of information about someone from census (ZIP code, birth date, gender, and ethnicity) can be used to link people with their name and address.

## Netflix Prize Dataset

With just a few pieces of personal information from a dataset containing movie likes and dislikes was enough to link anonymous user records to IMDB profiles and uncover names and political preferences.



# What data does your site collect, and how could it harm people?

## **Respect for Persons**

- Informed consent
- Voluntariness
- Protecting vulnerable populations

## **Beneficence**

- Maximize possible benefits while minimizing the possible harms of the research
- How can users be hurt or harmed by the data collected from them?
- How to reduce risk of harm from re-identifying data?

## **Justice**

- Selection of users should be equitable
- Do not exploit vulnerable groups
- Do not select users out of convenience



# Summary

# Flare and Focus:

Explore many options, test them to decide.



Specific Idea

Which video?

Which segments?

Technical  
Elements

# Criticism vs. Critique



**Don't just be a hater.**

**Help designers improve by:**

- **telling them what to keep (I like...),**
- **and your personal experience of confusion or frustration (for me..., I wish...)**

# Giving Negative Critique:

Critique should help the designer improve.

“You need to make the navigation bar bigger.”

“I had trouble finding the navigation bar. I wish the navigation bar was more easier to find.”

“The colors aren’t dark enough.”

“I had trouble reading the text. What if you changed the font or colors?”

“What if you put all the information to fit ‘above the fold.’”

Help designers identify problems.  
Don’t give them the solutions.



# Get feedback on early prototypes by stating your goal.

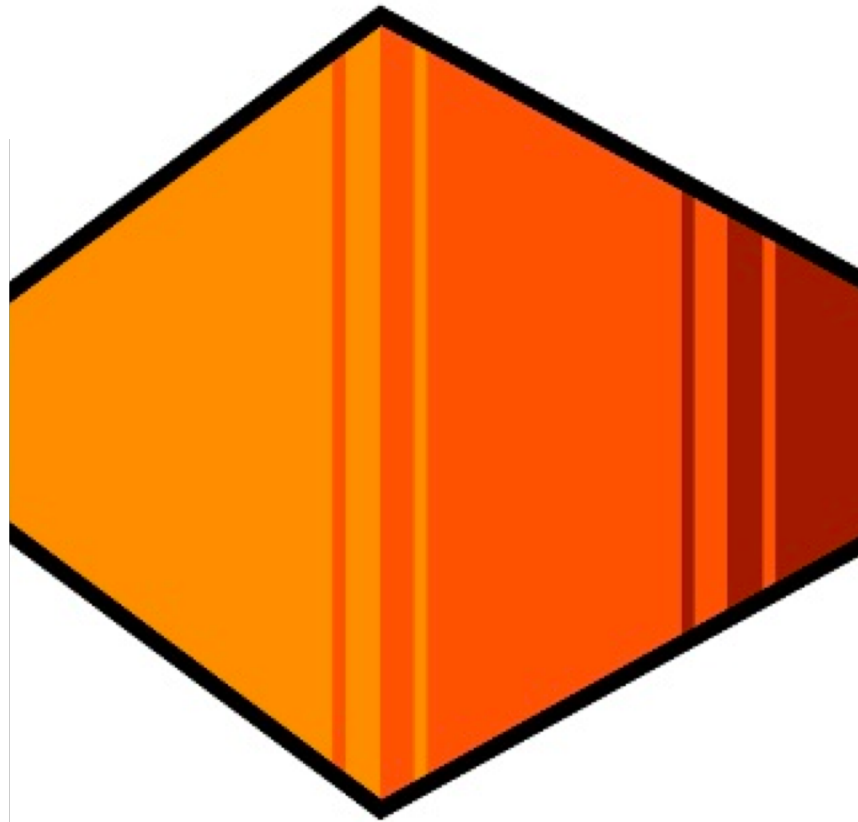
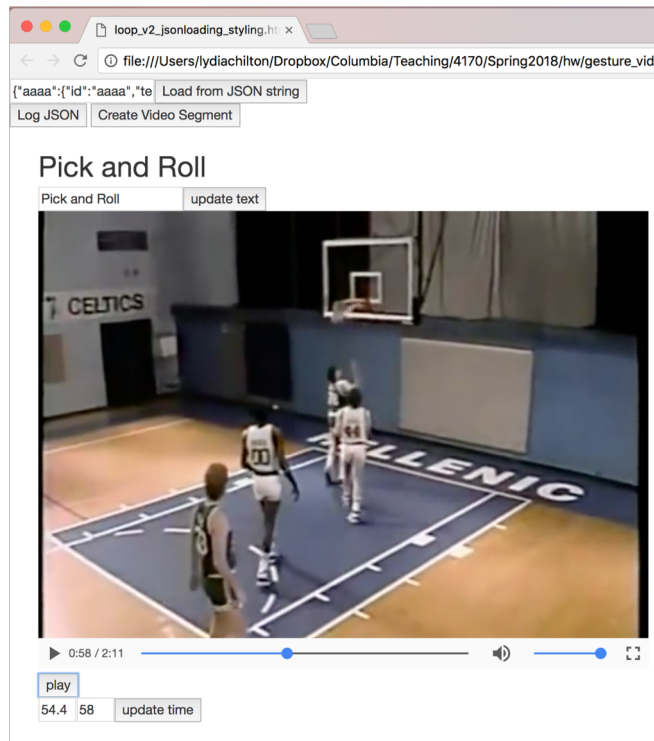
“I’m trying to represent animals and people in chaos and pain.”



“I’m trying to show the 5 steps of the pick and roll.”



# Wednesday Sections: Computer Prototype and User Feedback



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## End-to-end implementation